

# Exercises for Introduction to Quantum Computing (physics7514) Wise 2025

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## 1 Shor's algorithm

Consider a four-qubit system and the operator  $U_x$  used in Kitaev's phase estimation formulation of Shor's algorithm. We set  $x = 13$ , such that

$$\begin{aligned} U_{13} |y\rangle &= |13y \bmod 15\rangle & \text{for } y < 15, \\ U_{13} |15\rangle &= |15\rangle. \end{aligned}$$

- Compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $U_{13}$  (1 point).
- Find a subset  $S$  of  $N$  eigenvectors  $|i\rangle$ , such that

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{i \in S} |i\rangle = |12\rangle$$

(1 point).

## 2 Breaking RSA

You are given the following key pair:

$$\{e, N\} = \{20579, 121130231\},$$

where it is guaranteed that  $N$  is the product of two prime numbers  $p, q$ .

- Use Shor's algorithm to factor  $N$ . You may use a classical order-finding procedure. For computing the greatest common divisor, you can use Euclid's algorithm (4 points).
- Once you have factored  $N$ , decrypt the string "blhhay". The alphabet contains only lower-case letters, which are mapped to integers as "a"  $\rightarrow c_a = 0$ , "b"  $\rightarrow c_b = 1$ , and so on until "z"  $\rightarrow c_z = 25$ . For example, the word "hallo" would be mapped to

$$\text{"hallo"} \rightarrow c_h 26^4 + c_a 26^3 + c_l 26^2 + c_l 26^1 + c_o = 3206568$$

with  $c_h = 7, c_a = 0, c_l = 11$  and  $c_o = 14$  (4 points).